

CK-NAC

(Creatine Kinase - NAC)

Op. DGKC

Liquid, 2 Reagents
For in Vitro Diagnostic Use

Store at 2°C - 8°C
Do not freeze

Cat. No.

A2140	CK-NAC	5X50ML
A2141	CK-NAC	5X25ML
A2142	CK-NAC	5X10ML

TEST PRINCIPLE

This is an optimized standard method according to the recommendations of the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Klinische Chemie.

Creatine phosphate + ADP $\xrightarrow{\text{CK}}$ Creatine + ATP

ATP + Glucose $\xrightarrow{\text{HK}}$ ADP + G-6-P

G-6-P + NADP⁺ $\xrightarrow{\text{G-6-P-DH}}$ 6-PG + NADPH + H⁺

The coupled enzyme system is completely „down hill“, i.e., all reactions proceed in a favorable direction. The pH optimum for the system is 6.7.

REAGENTS PREPARATION

Working Reagents:

Substrate start:

Reagents are ready for use.

Sample start:

Mix 4 parts of Reagent 1 with 1 part of Reagent 2. For example: 4 ml Reagent 1 and 1 ml Reagent 2.

TEST PARAMETERS

Method:	UV, Kinetic, Increasing Reaction Optimized DGKC
Wavelength:	Hg 334 nm, Hg 365 nm, 340 nm
Temperature:	25°C, 30°C, 37°C
Sample:	Serum, EDTA-Plasma, heparinized Plasma
Linearity:	Up to 1000 U/L

REAGENTS STABILITY AND STORAGE

Store unopened and opened reagents at 2°C - 8°C. Protect from light. Note expiration date on the label. Close immediately after use. Avoid contamination of the opened reagents. The working reagent is stable for 3 weeks at 2°C - 8°C and for 5 days at room temperature. Incompetent handling will release ARCHEM from any responsibility.

REAGENTS COMPOSITION

COMPONENTS

FINAL CONCENTRATION

Reagent 1 and Reagent 2

Imidazole pH 6.7	100 mmol/L
Creatinephosphate	30 mmol/L
D-Glucose	20 mmol/L
N-Acetylcystein	20 mmol/L
Magnesiumacetate	10 mmol/L
EDTA	2 mmol/L
ADP	2 mmol/L
AMP	5 mmol/L
Diadenosinpentaphosphate	10 µmol/L
Glucose-6-Phosphate-DH	> 1.5 kU/L
Hexokinase	> 2.5 kU/L
NADP	2 mmol/L

TEST PROCEDURE

Bring reagent and sample to room temperature, 30°C or 37°C.

Sample start

Pipette into test tubes	25°C, 30°C, 37°C
Working reagent for sample start	1 ml
Sample	40 µl
Mix. Read initial absorbance after 3 minutes and start a timer. Read absorbance again after exactly 1, 2 and 3 minutes. Determine ΔA/min. during the linear part of the assay.	

CALCULATION

ΔA/min x factor = U/L CK-NAC in sample.
Factor for : 340 nm = 4127

LINEARITY

The assay is linear up approximately 1000 U/L. If Δ Absorbance/min is greater than 0.25 or 0.14 respectively, dilute the sample with physiological NaCl (150 mmol/L) and reassay multiplying the result by the dilution factor.

EXPECTED VALUES*

	25°C	30°C	37°C
Women	< 70 U/L	< 110 U/L	< 175 U/L
Men	< 80 U/L	< 130 U/L	< 200 U/L

* It is recommended that each laboratory establish its own normal range.

QUALITY CONTROL

All control sera with CK-NAC values determined by this method can be used.

We recommend:

"ARCON N", Assayed Control Serum Normal

Cat.No. A3910

"ARCON P", Assayed Control Serum Abnormal

Cat.No. A3920

CALIBRATION

The use of a CK - NAC Calibrator (for automated Systems) is optional. We recommend ARCHEM Calibrator (" Arcal Auto ")

Cat. No. A39050

AUTOMATION

Special adaptations for automatic analyzers can be made on request.

REFERENCES

1. Szasz G. Gruber et al: Clin. Chem. 22/65
2. **DGKC, J. Clin. Chem. Clin. Bioch. 15**, 255 (1977).
3. Di. Witt, C. Trendelenburg, **J. Clin. Chemie, Clin. Bioch. 20**, 235 (1982).
4. Rec. GSCC (DGKC); J. Clin. Chem. Clin. Biochem 1977; **15**: 255.
5. Stein, W. (1985), Med. Welt **36**: 57
6. Szasz, G., et al. Clin. Chem 1976; **22**: 650